



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

 Product Identification (Label Name): [OXYLANCE™](#)

N/A	N/A
Chemical Name	CAS No.
Aqualance / Aqua EXO Underwater Cutting Rods	May 5, 2011
Common Name/Trade Name	Date Updated

1. Hazardous Ingredients

Chemical Name/Common Name	(CAS No.)	%	Exposure Limits	
			ACGIHTLV	OSHA PEL
BASE METAL				
Iron	7439896	99 max	as Iron Oxide Fume 5	10
Alloying Elements:				
Carbon	7440440	.08 - 0.18	--	--
Manganese	7439965	.30 - .60 (dust)	5 (fume) 11	5 (c) 5 (c)
Phosphorus	7723140	.015 - .035 (yellow)	.1	.1
Sulfur	7704349	.02 max	as Sulfur Dioxide 5.2	13
Silicon	7440213	.02 max (dust) (respirable fraction)	10 --	15 5
Aluminum	7429905	.02 - .07 (dust)	10 (fume) 5	15 5
Copper	7440508	.10 max (dust)	1 (fume) .2	1 .1
Nickel	7440020	.06 max	1	1
Chromium	7440473	.05 max	.5	1
Molybdenum	7439987	.05 max	10	15
Metallic Coating: (Galvanized Pipe Only)				
Zinc	7440666	.70 - 6.0	as Zinc Oxide (fume) 5 (dust) 10	5 15

Section 313 Supplier Information

THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN TOXIC CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFR 372

NFPA Health = 1 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

2. Physical Data

Boiling Point: N/A	Specify Gravity (H ₂ O = 1): N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): N/A	Melting Point: N/A
Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): N/A
Solubility in Water: Insoluble	Appearance and Odor: Tubular steel - No Noticeable Odor

3. Health Hazard Data

Primary Route(s) of Entry: (In the Form of Dust and/or Fumes Only)

Inhalation? Yes

Skin? No

Ingestion? No

*UV Exposure

Carcinogenicity: NIF

NTP?

IARC?

OSHA Regulated

Acute Effects of Overexposure:

EYES: Local Irritation

SKIN: Local Irritation

INHALATION: Excessive exposure to fume may cause a sweet or metallic taste in the mouth, immediate dryness and irritation of the throat, tightness of the chest, and coughing. Several hours later, symptoms may progress to fever, malaise, perspiration, frontal headache, muscle cramps, low back pain, occasionally blurred vision, nausea, and vomiting. Pulmonary congestion, shortness of breath and symptoms of oxygen deficiency may also develop.

INGESTION: Nausea, Vomiting, and Purging

EXPOSURE TO UV: Exposure to UV Radiation can result in keratoconjunctivitis, also known as welders flash. Symptoms include inflammation, blurred vision, and headache.

Chronic Effects of Exposure:

SKIN: Prolonged chronic or repeated skin contact with zinc dust or powder may cause a mild dermatitis.

INHALATION: Repeated over-exposure may cause prolonged forms of metal fume fever.

Toxicity Data:

Job task data extrapolated over an eight hour TWA. Conditions for worst case scenarios. Zinc, total of 0.265 mg/m³ and Chromium, total of 0.0354 mg/m³

-Mild irritation: 300 ug/3 days. Intermittent skin contact

-Lowest toxic concentration: 124 mg/m³, 50 minute inhalation

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Respiratory illness/diseases, neurological and skin disorders/diseases.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

EYE CONTACT: Flush with running water, including under the eyelids, for about 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Contaminated shoes and clothing should be removed and the affected area washed with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove victim from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: If victim is conscious dilute the stomach and induce vomiting. Qualified medical personnel should remove remaining chemicals by gastric lavage. Seek medical attention immediately.

4. Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used): NONE

Flammable Limits: N/A

LEL

UEL

Extinguishing MEDIA: N/A

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: N/A

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Oil and grease on torches can cause a violent reaction in the presence of oxygen.

5. Reactivity Data

Stability:

_____ Unstable

_____ X _____ Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Allowing gases to be trapped in a confined area.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Oil and grease on torch can cause a violent reaction in the presence of unburned oxygen.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Hazardous Polymerization: _____ Will Occur Conditions to Avoid
 X Will Not Occur

6. Spill or Leak Procedures

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: N/A

Waste Disposal Method: Comply with all local, state, and federal regulations for proper disposal.

7. Special Protection Information

Respiratory Protection: Air purifying respirator if area is unventilated and local exhaust not available.

Ventilation: Local Exhaust - Use if in enclosed area
Mechanical
Other - Well ventilated area

Protective Gloves: Aluminized Kevlar

Eye Protection: 4 - 5 minimum tinted glass recommended full face shield

Other Protective Equipment: Face shield, hard hat, Aluminized Kevlar protective clothing and gloves

8. Special Precautions

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing: Warning - Keep away from oil and grease.

Other Precautions: Other hazards can be created based on material being cut eg., vapors released from residue while cutting.

9. Other Information

Use proper procedure at all times as specified by the following:

1. Your company's Safe Practices Manual
2. OSHA 1910 Subpart Q, Cutting and Welding Regulations
3. ANSI/AWS F4.1 Recommended Safe Practices for Cutting, American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, FL 33135
4. ANSI Z49.1 Safety in Welding and Cutting
5. Other applicable references

ABBREVIATIONS

NA - Not Applicable
NL - Not Listed

NE - Not Established
NIF - No Information Found